Jun ARIMA



Education: University of Tokyo (graduated in 1982, Bachelor in Economics) **Career History**

1982 Joined MITI (Ministry of International Trade and Industry)

1996-1999: Counsellor, Permanent Delegation of Japan to the OECD (Energy Advisor)

1999-2000: Director, Energy Efficiency Policy Coordination, New Energy Policy Coordination, Energy and Environment Office, ANRE (Agency of Natural Resources and Energy), MITI

2001-2002: Director, International Energy Strategy, ANRE/METI (Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry)

2002-2006: Head, Country Studies Division, IEA (International Energy Agency)

2006-2007: Director, International Affairs Division, ANRE/METI

2007-2008: Counsellor, International Energy Negotiation, ANRE/METI

2008-2011: Deputy Director General for Global Environmental Affairs, METI

2011-2015: Director General, JETRO (Japan External Trade Organization) London

2015- : Professor, Graduate School of Public Policy, University of Tokyo

2021 Project Professor, Graduate School of Public Policy, University of Tokyo

Project Leader, 21st Century Public Policy Institute, Consulting Fellow Research Institute of Economy, Trade and Industry (RIETI), Distinguished Senior Research Fellow, Asia Pacific Institute of Research (APIR), Senior Policy Fellow, Economic Research Institute of ASEAN and East Asia (ERIA), Lead Author of the IPCC 6th Assessment Report

His publication includes "Energy Policies of the IEA Countries" (2003-2006 editions), "Memoir of the Kyoto Protocol" (2014), "Truth of Global Warming Negotiation – Economic War on National Interests-"(2015), "Global Warming Countermeasures with Pragmatism – Paris Agreement and Thereafter" (2016), "Trump Risk – America First and Global Warming" (2017), "Policy Recommendations by the Quadripartite Commission on the Indian Ocean Regional

Security" (Chapter 2) (2017 Sasakawa Peace Foundation), "Japan's Energy Conundrum" (Chapter 11) (2018 Sasakawa Peace Foundation), "Finding a Viable Path for Reducing GHG Emissions2 (2019 King Abdullah Petroleum Studies and Research Center (KAPSARC), "Eco-fundamentalism as a Grist to China's Mill" (2021), "Eco-fundamentalism will ruin our country" (2021)